

Topology II

Exercise sheet 12

Exercise 1.

We consider the ideal I in the polynomial ring $\mathbb{Z}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ generated by x_i^2 and $x_i x_j + x_j x_i$ for all $i, j = 1, \dots, n$. The **exterior algebra** $\Lambda[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is defined to be $\mathbb{Z}[x_1, \dots, x_n]/I$, where the product is usually denoted by \wedge and $\deg(x_j) := 1$.

- (a) $\Lambda[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is a free abelian group of rank 2^n where a basis is given by

$$\{x_{k_1} \wedge \dots \wedge x_{k_l} \mid k_1 < \dots < k_l\}.$$

- (b) $\Lambda[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is isomorphic to $\Lambda[x_1, \dots, x_{n-1}] \otimes \mathbb{Z}[x_n]/(x_n^2)$, where $\deg(x_n) := 1$.

- (c) The cohomology ring of the n -torus $H^*(T^n)$ is isomorphic to $\Lambda[x_1, \dots, x_n]$.

- (d) Show that

$$\sum_{k=0}^n (-1)^k \binom{n}{k} = 0,$$

by computing the Euler characteristic $\chi(T^n)$ via the alternating ranks of its cohomology groups (using the universal coefficient theorem) and directly via a cell structure of T^n .

Exercise 2.

Compute the cup product on the surface of infinite genus (Sheet 8 Exercise 2).

Exercise 3.

Show that the short exact sequence from the universal coefficient theorem does not split naturally.

Exercise 4.

A compact connected manifold M does not retract onto its connected boundary ∂M .

Hint: Consider the long exact sequence of the pair $(M, \partial M)$.